

(3-1778)

SERVICE

NUMBER

Na. Taylor Robert S 38420

CONTENTS

26. 51

1391
Catskill Marcel Taylor Thalton Recd

Catskill Taylor recd
of [unclear] in the State of [unclear]
who was a [unclear] in the [unclear] commanded
by Captain [unclear] of the [unclear] commanded
by [unclear] in the [unclear] Va

Entered on the Roll of [unclear]
at the rate of 3 Dollars Cents per annum
to commence on the 1st day of March, 1831.

Certificate of Pension issued the 1st day of [unclear]
and [unclear]

Arrears to the 1st of [unclear] 11 00
Semi-ann. allowance ending [unclear] 3

[unclear] 33

{ Revolutionary Claim,
Act June 1, 1832.

Recorded by [unclear] Clerk
Book Vol. Page

State of Kentucky ~~Act~~ No. 53
Pendleton County

On this 7th day of October A.D. 1833,
personally appeared in open court, before
~~the justices~~ of the Pendleton County court
court now sitting Robert Taylor a resident
of Pendleton county and State of Kentucky
ages Seventy five years who being first
 duly sworn according to Law, doth on his
oath make the following declaration, in
order to obtain the benefit of the Act of
Congress passed June 7th 1832.

That he was enroled as a minute man
in the militia of the States of Virginia about
the month of October 1779 at Boonsborough
Station on the Kentucky River then in
the ~~district~~ of Kentucky and State of Virginia
(now in Madison County and State of Kentucky)
and in the beginning of the month of November
1779, he was detailed (regularly) with his own
consent to go about fourteen miles from Boons-
borough to a place which is now in the
county of Clark and State of Kentucky
to build a station which was and is now
called Strode's Station and he did go
as aforesaid and assisted in building the
station by working and guarding it during
and after the building was completed he
remained in the station guarding (except
when ordered out in pursuit of the Indians)
until the beginning of the month of January
1781 making a term of fourteen months
which he was stationed at Strode's Station
all of which time he was engaged guarding

at the Station, ranging through the country looking out for Indians or for Indian signs, marching in pursuit of the Indians as well as marching to the relief of other stations which had or was likely to be attacked by the Indians during all his service at the station he served as a private soldier and under the command of Captain John Constant - and when there was any necessity for men to go in pursuit of the enemy it was common to take sick men as was willing to go as there was always some left after the station and those who did thus go was glad to volunteer this declarant having served in almost all of the Indian wars in the West immediately subsequent to the year 1784 and Indian skirmishing being much of a passenger he can give but this bright of time and at his advanced age many of the particulars of the aforesaid fourteen months service but he will relate some of the most prominent of which he has the most distinct recollection about the middle of March 1780 the Indians and by and perhaps altogether instigation by British emissaries sent no doubt by the British authorities commenced a violent reconnoitering of both the new and old stations in the district of Kentucky and frequently when they could find any person out of the stations would fire them down and destroy all the property which they could at such times as the above no man was always on the alert and compelled to be

under the latter part of July or the first part
of August when the Indians accompanied by
a few British emissaries attacked and
~~captured~~ Martins and Riddle's stations
the one on Dingess and the other on Stony
forks of Licking River immediately there
was men called for to go in pursuit of
the enemy and this declarant with
many other volunteers and marched
under the command of Captain John
Holder with Lieutenant John Plick and
Ensign Horatio Calloway with Benjamin
Logan as Colonel we first marched to the
mouth of Licking River near where Cincin-
nati Ohio now stands where we were
met by General Clark together with
several other companies when we marched
~~to~~^{about} Chillicothe on the Little Miami River thence
to Picaway on Mad River in what is now
the State of Ohio where the enemy emboldened
their forces and gave us battle which
resulted in the defeat of the Indians
we losing some where about twenty
and the enemy as was believed considerably
more in killed the enemy had removed
their women and children after this
battle we returned home and a short
time thereafter we again marched to
within a short distance of Bardstown
having been informed that the station
at that place was in danger but
learning that it was a false alarm
we returned this time this declarant
marched under the command of Captain

John Constant no other incidents now
recalled nor any other offices than those
spoken of nor does he recollect ~~nor~~ perhaps
he never did know to what Regiment
he belonged nor what Colonel commands
him unless it was Colonel Benjamin ^{Dogson}
which is probable as he was usually
along when there was many companies
in Company. So he will close this
part of his service by saying that he
Served not less than two months in the
year 1779 and not less than twelve
months in the year 1780. This declar-
-ant returned to his Father in Frederick
County Virginia from Strode Station in
the Month of January or February 1781 and
soon after his arrival ^{was} ~~enlisted~~ as a mint
man in that County to be on marching
at an early warning and soon
there after the time not now recalled and
in the aforesaid year of 1781 and when
General Washington had called on his country to
furnish new levies of troops to operate in
the State of Virginia this declarant was
drafted for the term of three months and
Marched and served in the grade of
Orderly ~~for~~ ^{as} a Sergeant in the
Company commanded by Captain George
Bell and Lieutenant Henry Cattell Ensign
not now recalled and a Regiment the
~~Name~~ of which he does not recollect nor
indeed does he believe that he ever did
know of any other name than Virginias
Militia but the Regiment was numbered
and he has lost the number.

as the name of it had ~~and~~^{the} Regiment
to which he belonged was commanded by
~~Colonel~~ or Major who
names he cannot now recollect

He marched through the country and
occasionally fell in with other troops
which was like the troops to which he
belonged shaping thus course to Little
York ^{upwards} to the investment of
Lord Corn Wallace they ultimately arrived
and set down before the enemies works
~~and~~ continued to operate as ordered
until the Surrender of Lord Corn Wallace
while at Little York he cannot now say
the Brigade or Division he belonged nor
what General officer had the immediate
command of the troops to which he belonged
he some times now thinks that he was
attached to the command of General

Stephens but on the other hand he
distinctly recollects that in the capacity
of orderly recruit he recd to his company
General orders from General Sturton he
he therefore will not say what General
had the immediate command of him
except that Washington was the
supreme commander and that there
were many Generals at the siege that
that he now recollects to wit Generals
Washington, Lay Fayette, Sturton, Nelson,
Knox, Lincoln ^{and} Stephens and Colonels
Alexander Hamilton who was attached to
the staff of Washington He recollects
much more of the French Troops engaged.

in the Seige than any other troops because
from their equipment arms & dress they were
calculated to attract more of ~~the~~ attention
than those of ~~had~~ ~~any~~ ~~men~~ as he was more
familiar with this appearance ~~had~~
him at Little York Virginia until after
the Surrender of Lord Corn Wallis and
after the necessary arrangements was made
he with the company to which he
belonged was detailed to guard the
prisoners of war to Manchester Virginia
and when they arrived there they were
discharged by proclamation of the Captain
and he returned home. At another
time in same year and after the
three months term apresesed this de-
-ciant volunteered under the command
of Captain Heiskell and Lieutenant
Wm Jenkins and guarded the prison
of War from Manchester Virginia to Han-
-over Pennsylvania and performed
that service which engaged him and
the company one month no other com-
-pany on said duty nor any other
officer. After which time and in
same year he volunteered and served
one month more under the command
of Captain Thomas Berry and went
in pursuit of some Tories on the
South Branch of the Potomac River
by ~~the~~ ~~order~~ ~~of~~ General Morgan and these
~~were~~ ~~selected~~ ~~this~~ ~~time~~ as these ~~Tories~~
had yet some of our men found
means to kill one of them there was

but the one company against us now
so that I might do my services up
that has declarant served in the Revolutionary
Army as a Soldier in the service
of the United States, not less than two
months as a private in
the year 1779, and as a private not
less than twelve months in the year
1780, and as first Sergeant not less than
three months and as a private Soldier
not less than two months in the
year of 1781. So that he has served
as a private Soldier Sixteen Months
and as a first Sergeant three Months
making in all nineteen Months.
This declarant never received any discharge
in writing from any of his officers but
was always discharged by word of mouth
he has no doubt but he could have
received a discharge in writing from
Captain Bell had he called for him
for it after his return home but
he does not do so. He therefore has no
record evidence of his services.

He was born on the 28 day of July 1758
in (as he understood from his Father) Prince
William County and State of Virginia
and removed (when he was yet young
and before he could recollect or notice the
time) into Stafford County Virginia and
where he resided some where about fourteen
years of age (the time not recollection)
his Father removed with him into the
county of Frederick State of Virginia.

born in the year 1779 (a before State) he removed
to Boonesborough Station on the Kentucky River
and in December of the same year went to
Strodes Station and remained there until
January 1781 when he returned to his
father in Meade Co. county Virginia, and
in the year 1783 he removed with his
father in what is now Mason County
State of Kentucky and immediately went
again to Strodes Station in what is now
Clark County Kentucky and in the
year 1785 he removed to what is now
Mason County Kentucky (then Bourbon)
and in the year 1796 he purchased on
Licking River in what is now Pendleton
County Kentucky (then Campbell) where
he has ever since resided and still
resides and has served the consty of
Pendleton two years as High Sheriff and
twenty four years as a Justice of the peace
and a member of the county court and
is at this time a Justice of the peace
and a member of the county court in
and for the county of Pendleton
and knows of no person now living
whose residence he is acquainted
with who can testify as to his service
and refers to the certificate of Charles
Bones Esq., Colonel Thomas Hart & Robert McCarty
who is well acquainted with him and
resides in the county of Pendleton Kentucky
and will state that the general
belief in his neighbourhood of his
having been a Revolutionary Soldier

there being no clergymen in his neighborhood
now and in his county.

He hereby relinquishes every claim
whatever to a pension or annuity except
the present, and declares that his name
is not on the pension role of the agency
of any State or Territory. (Signed) Wm. Taylor
Known to and subscribed by Wm. Taylor
the day and year aforesaid)

We Charles Boner, Thomas M. Hart & Reuben
McCarty both residing in the County of Pendleton
county and State of Kentucky hereby certify
that we are well acquainted with Robert
Taylor Esq. who has subscribed ^{him} a sworn
to the above declaration; that we believe
to be 75 years of age; that he is reputed
and believe, in the neighbourhood where
he resides, to have been a soldier of the
Revolution, and that we concur in that
opinion.

Charles Boner

Swn. and Subscribed by Thos. M. Hart
the day and year aforesaid) Thos. M. Hart
Reuben McCarty

Know the said court do hereby declare
this opinion after the investigation of the
matter, and after putting the interrogatories
prescribed by the war department that the
above named applicant was a Revolutionary
soldier, and served as he states.

And the court further certifies that
it further appears to them that
Charles Boner, Thomas M. Hart &

WAR DEPARTMENT,

Pension Office.

Sir:

The evidence in support of your claim, under the act of June 7, 1832, has been examined, and the papers are herewith returned. The following is a statement of your case in a tabular form. On comparing these papers with the following rules and the subjacent notes you will readily perceive what objections exist which must be removed before a pension can be allowed. The notes and the regulations will show what is necessary to be done. Those parts to which your attention is more particularly directed, you will find marked in the margin with a brace, (thus { }) You will, when you return your papers to this Department, send this printed letter with them; and you will, by complying with this request, greatly facilitate the investigation of your claim.

A Statement, showing the Service of Robert Taylor

Period when the service was rendered	Duration of the claimant's service			Name and rank of the Field or Staff officer under whom he served	Age at first entry and place of abode when he entered the service	Proof by which the declaration is supported
	Years	Months	Days			
1777	2	"	"	Capt Constant	75	Trade billings
1780	1	"	"	"	Na	
1781	3	"	"	Col Lagan		
	1	"	"	Capt. Jeff. Smith		
	1	"	"	Col. At. McColloster		
	1	"	"			

At the time occupied in building the fort cannot be allowed more than the whole time for a man to be absent a day in service at said fort, it is more than probable that he is entitled to the time only that he went out under Col Lagan, and for what service only can be known, respectfully,

I shall be obliged to let you know your obedient servant,

Given to the last factor of the J. L. EDWARDS,

Copy that he was regularly enrolled Commissioner of Pensions.

as was in actual service during the whole time the States that he was a private man and for the time that he was in actual service only can be allowed.

In reply to your request of _____ received _____
for a statement of the military history of _____
a soldier of the REVOLUTIONARY WAR, you will find below the desired
information as contained in his (or his widow's) application for pen-
sion on file in this Bureau. / 38-420

DATES OF ENLISTMENT OR APPOINTMENT	LENGTH OF SERVICE	RANK	OFFICERS UNDER WHOM SERVICE WAS RENDERED		STATE
			CAPTAIN	COLONEL	

Battles engaged in,

Residence of soldier at enlistment,

Date of application for pension,

Residence at date of application,

Age at date of application,

Remarks: